

National Curriculum Aims and Objectives - Reading

The overarching aim for English in the National Curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The National Curriculum for Reading aims to ensure that all pupils:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
enjoying rhyming and rhythmic activities showing an awareness of rhyme and alliteration recognising rhythm in spoken words continuing a rhyming string hearing and saying the initial sound in words segmenting the sounds in simple words and blending them together, knowing which letter represents some of them linking sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet using phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately	 applying phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decoding words blending sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that they have been taught responding speedily, giving the correctsound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes reading words containing taught GPCs reading words containing -s, -es, -ing, -ed and -est endings reading words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll 	continuing to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decoding words until automatic decoding has becoming embedded and reading is fluent reading accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes accurately reading most words of two or more syllables reading most words containing common suffixes	 using phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to reading longer words) applying growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti-and auto-to begin to read aloud applying growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including -ation, -ly, -ture, -sure, -sion, -tion, -ssion and -cian, to begin to read aloud 	 reading most words fluently, attempting to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill applying knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes / word endings to read aloud fluently 	 reading most words fluently and attempting to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues applying growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/ word endings, including -sion, -tion, -cial, - tial, -ant/-ance/- ancy, -ent/- ence/- ency, -able/-ably and -ible/ibly, to read aloud fluently 	reading fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word ending decoding any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues	

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\$	 reading some 	• reading Y1 • reading most Y1 • beginning to read • reading all Y3/Y4 • reading most Y5/ Y6 exception words,
or	common	common and Y2 common Y3/Y4 exception exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences
Word reading exception	exception words	exception words, exception words, words discussing the between the spelling and sound and where
ea.		noting unusual unusual unusual these occur in the word
tic din		correspondences correspondences correspondences
rd reading – comr exception words		between spelling between the between the
Š Š		and sound and spelling and spelling and
ords		where these occur sound and where sound and where
l no		in words these occur in the these occur in the
		word word
	showing interest	accurately reading
	in illustrations and	texts that are books (closely fluency specifically. Any focus on word reading should support the development of
	print in books and	consistent with matched to their vocabulary.
	the environment	their developing improving phonic
	 recognising 	phonic knowledge, knowledge),
	familiar words and	that do not require sounding out
	signs such as own	them to use other unfamiliar words
	name and	strategies to work accurately,
	advertising logos	out words automatically and
	 looking at and 	re-reading texts to
\$	handling books	build up fluency hesitation
ă	independently	and confidence in • re-reading books
Гe	(holds books the	word reading to build up fluency
<u>ad.</u>	correct way up and	and confidence in
Word reading - fluency	turns pages)	word reading
-	 ascribing meanings 	reading words
lue	to marks that they	accurately and
ncy	see in different	fluently without
	places	overt sounding and
	 beginning to break 	blending, e.g. at
	the flow of speech	over 90 words per
	into words	minute, in age-
	beginning to read	appropriate texts
	words and simple	
	sentences	
	 reading and 	
	understanding	
	simple sentences	
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Comprehension -understanding and correcting in accuracies	•	knowing that print carries meaning and, in English, is reading from left to right and top to bottom understanding humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes	•	checking that a text makes sense to them as they read, self-correcting	•	showing understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher checking that the text makes sense to them as they read, correcting inaccurate		
ing						inaccurate reading		

Comprehension – comparing, contrasting and commenting

- listening to stories with increasing attention and recall
- anticipating key events and phrases in rhymes and stories
- aware of the structured
- story settings, events and principal
- enjoying an increasing range of books
- without pictures or props
- listening to stories, accurately events and responding to what is heard with relevant comments, questions or actions

- beginning to be way stories are
- describing main characters
- following a story
- anticipating key

demonstrating

- listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction. non-fiction and poetry at a level beyondthatat which they can read
 - independently linking what they have read orhaveread to them to their own experiences
- retelling familiar stories in increasing detail joining in with discussions
- about a text, taking turns and listening to what others are saying discussingthe significance of titles and events
- participating in discussions about books. poems and other works that are read to them (at a level beyond at which they can reading independently) and those that they can read for themselves, explaining their understanding and expressing their views
- becoming increasingly familiar with, and retelling a wide range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales discussing the sequence of
- events in books and how items of information are related recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and

poetry

- recognising, listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, nonfiction and reference books
- or textbooks using appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting)
- discussing and comparing texts from a wide variety of genres and writers
- reading for a range of purposes
- identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books
- referring to authorial style, overall themes (e.g. triumph of good over evil) and features (e.g. greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the using of presentational devices such as numbering and headings)
- identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- identifying main ideas

- reading a wide range of genres, identifying the characteristics of text types (such as the using of the first person in writing diaries and autobiographies) and differences between text types
- participating in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously identifying main
- ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these
- recommending texts to peers based on

pleasure, discussing. comparing and evaluating in depth across a wide range of genres, including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other cultures and traditions

reading for

- recognising more complex themes in what they reading (such as loss or heroism)
- explaining and discussing their understanding of what they have reading. including through formal presentations and debates. maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where

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understanding	•	asking and	drawn from	personal choice		necessary
when talking		answering	more than one		•	listening to
with others		questions about	paragraph and			guidance and
about what they		a text	summarising			feedback on the
have been	•	making links	these			quality of their
reading		between the				explanations
		text they are				and
		reading and				contributions to
		other texts they				discussions,
		have read (in				making
		texts that they				improvements
		can read				when
		independently)				participating in
						discussions
					•	drawing out key
						information and
						summarising the
						main ideas in a
						text
					•	distinguishing
						independently
						between
						statements of
						fact and
						opinion,
						providing
						reasoned
						justifications for
						their views
					•	comparing
						characters,
						settings and
						themes within a
						text and across
						more than one
						text

Comprehension – inference and prediction	 suggesting how a story might end beginning to understand 'why' and 'how' questions answering 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events 	beginning to making simple inferences predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	 making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text 	 asking and answering questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives justifying predictions using evidence from the text 	 drawing inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text justifying predictions from details stated and implied 	 drawing inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives making predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text 	 considering different accounts of the same event, discussing viewpoints, both of authors and of fictional characters discussing how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues
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	• lister	ning to and	reciting simple	•	continuing to	•	preparing and	•	recognising and	•	continually	•	confidently
		ng in with	poems by heart		build up a		performing		discussing some		showing an		performing texts
	stori	ies and			repertoire of		poems and play		different forms		awareness of		(including
	poen	ms, on a			poems learnt by		scripts, showing		of poetry e.g.		audience when		poems learnt by
	one-	-to-one			heart,		some awareness		free verse or		reading out loud		heart) using a
	basis	s and also in			appreciating		of the audience		narrative poetry		using		wide range of
	smal	ll groups			these and		when reading	•	preparing and		intonation,		devices,
	• joinir	ng in with			reciting some		aloud		performing		tone, volume		engaging the
	repe				with appropriate	•	beginning to use		poems and play		and action		audience and
		ins in			intonation to		appropriate		scripts with				for effect
	•	nes and			making the		intonation and		appropriate				
	stori				meaning clear		volume when		techniques				
	• using	_					reading aloud		(intonation,				
Рс		nation,							tone, volume				
etr	•	hm and							and action)				
γa	phra								showing				
Poetry and performance		ing the							awareness of				
per		ning clear							the audience				
for	to ot								when reading				
ma		eloping							aloud				
nce	•	erence for											
	form												
	•	ession											
	• playi	_											
	•	peratively as											
	•	of a group, eloping and											
		ng outa											
	narra	-											
		essing											
	•	nselves											
		ctively,											
	show	• •											
		reness of											
		ners' needs											
	listel	iicis iiccus				1		<u> </u>		l			

	 knowing that information can be relayed in the form of print knowing that information can be retrieved from books and computers 			recognising that non- fiction books are often structured in different ways	•	retrieving and recording information from nonfiction texts	•	using all of the organisational devices available within a non-fiction text, retrieving, recording and discussing information using dictionaries, checking the meaning of words that they have reading		knowledge of texts and organisation devices, retrieving, recording and discussing information from fiction and non-fiction texts	•	retrieving, recording and presenting information from non-fiction texts using non- fiction materials for purposeful information retrieval e.g. in reading history, geography and science textbooks, and in contexts where pupils are genuinely motivated to find out information e.g. reading information leaflets before a gallery or museum visit or reading a theatre
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